				1				
Author, Year	Institutional Affiliation	Title of Paper	Purpose (Thesis, Dissertation, fun?)	Author (Clinical population, N	Type of study/Design	Findings	Link
		Establishing an understanding of group						
		dynamics and process within single-					Single music therapy sessions follow a	
		session music therapy groups open to					group development process; 5 key factors	
	The New Zealand School of Music,	both adolescents with mental illness			Acute adolescent mental		influencing group dynamics were	
Beatson, 2012	Wellington, New Zealand	and mental health staff.	Master in Music Therapy	Yes	health unit $(N = 7 \text{ groups})$	Exploratory with qualitative data	identified	https://mro.massey.ac.nz/bitstream/handle/10179/3264/02_whole.pdf?sequence=1&isAllowed=y
		Therapeutic effects of music therapy on						
	Ball State University, Muncie,	anxiety and quality of life for			Outpatient mental health			
Benz, 2010	Indiana	chronically ill adults with mental illness	Masters of Science	Unclear		Prospectus	N/A	http://cardinalscholar.bsu.edu/bitstream/handle/123456789/194669/BenzA_2010-1_BODY.pdf?sequence=1&isAllowed=y
Benz, 2010	Indiana	enformedity in addits with mental miless	Masters of Berence	Oncical	ennie	Trospectus	Significant difference was found between	Inter-reardinal solicity of the construction o
							music and non-music groups regarding	
							attendence rates and the degree to which	
							issues of chemical dependence were	
							discussed. No significance difference	
		The effect of music therapy techniques					found between groups in terms of the	
		in a coping skills group for individuals			Day treatment program;		reported level of helpfulness, enjoyment,	
	State University of New York, New	with a dual diagnosis of mental illness			adults w/ dual-diagnosis	Concurrent schedule/alternating		
Davis, 2008	Paltz, New York	and substance dependence	Master of Science in Music Therapy	V	adults w/ dual-diagnosis (N = 8)		accomplishment, expression, insight and	https://dspace.sunyconnect.suny.edu/bitstream/handle/1951/45537/DavisTHESIS12-2008.pdf?sequence=1&isAllowed=y
Davis, 2008	Paltz, New Fork	and substance dependence	Master of Science in Music Therapy	Yes	(N = 8)	treatments single subject design	being supported.	https://dspace.sunyconnect.suny.edu/bitstream/handle/1951/45537/Davis1HESI512-2008.pdf/sequence=1&isAllowed=y
							Prominent themes identified: importance	
		Exploring processing and reflection					of meeting the client where they are,	
		methods and how they can be utilized in					empathy and intuitive response,	
	The New Zealand School of Music,	music therapy sessions at an adolescent		1	Acute psychiatric unit for		awareness of countertransference, and	
Garber, 2008	Wellington, New Zealand	acute psychiatric ward	Masters in Music Therapy	Yes	adolescents	Exploratory with qualitative data	assisting client's with self-reflection	https://mro.massey.ac.nz/bitstream/handle/10179/1502/02 whole.pdf?sequence=1&isAllowed=y
Garber, 2000	realington, new Zealand	a transition school focused on	massers in music riterapy	103	autoconto	esponatory with quantative data	assisting enem a with sen-reneetion	https://monitoscy.acit/interfeationality.interfeation_whole.put/sequence=tatsAnoweu-y
		supporting adolescents with mental health needs, relate to the key		1	Transition school for		Circle controlation this may for the	
				1			Significant relationship was found	
	Victoria University of Wellington,	competencies of the New Zealand		L.	adolescents with mental		between music therapy practice and the	
Halligan, 2012	New Zealand	curriculum?	Master of Music Therapy	Yes	health needs	Grounded theory	key competencies of the school curriculum	http://researcharchive.vuw.ac.nz/bitstream/handle/10063/2158/thesis.pdf?sequence=2
		He oro hauora: How do kaupapa Māori					Parallels between kaupapa Māori health	
		models of health relate to my music					frameworks and MT practice identified;	
	The New Zealand School of Music;	therapy practice in an adolescent acute			Acute adolescent mental		specifically, the concepts of mana, mauri	
Hodgson, 2014	Wellington, New Zealand	mental health unit?	Master of Music Therapy	Yes	health unit	Grounded theory	and whatumanawa	https://mro.massey.ac.nz/bitstream/handle/10179/6561/02_whole.pdf?sequence=2&isAllowed=y
		The relationship between music therapy					MT, IEP, and ITP goals generally	
		goals, health goals and education goals			Transition school for		overlapped with each other; the author	
	The New Zealand School of Music;	in a transition school for adolescents			adolescents with mental		suggested that this indicates collaboration	
Jackways, 2014	Wellington, New Zealand	with mental health needs	Master of Music Therapy	Yes	health needs	Theoretical	between professionals	http://researcharchive.vuw.ac.nz/bitstream/handle/10063/4976/thesis.pdf?sequence=1
		My body moves in music therapy: Body						
		movements and their role in music			Individual diagnosed w/			
	University of Jyväskylä, Jyväskylä,	therapy in the treatment of depression			depression and anorexia		Client's self-esteem strengthened through	
Karvonen, 2015	Finland	and an eating disorder	Master of Music Therapy	Yes	nervosa $(N = 1)$	Case study with qualitative data	use of music and body movement	https://jyx.jyu.fi/dspace/bitstream/handle/123456789/47211/URN%3aNBN%3afi%3ajyu-201509283272.pdf?sequence=1
Karvonen, 2015	Finland	and an eating disorder	Master of Music Therapy	Yes	nervosa $(N = 1)$	Case study with qualitative data	Most frequently studied populations were	https://jyx.jyu.fi/dspace/bitstream/handle/123456789/47211/URN%3aNBN%3afi%3ajyu-201509283272.pdf?sequence=1
Karvonen, 2015	Finland	and an eating disorder	Master of Music Therapy	Yes	nervosa (N = 1)	Case study with qualitative data	Most frequently studied populations were psychiatric inpatients and	https://iyx.iyu.fi/dspace/bitstream/handle/123456789/47211/URN%3aN8N%3afi%3ajyu-201509283272.pdf?sequence=1
Karvonen, 2015	Finland	and an eating disorder	Master of Music Therapy	Yes	nervosa (N = 1)	Case study with qualitative data	Most frequently studied populations were psychiatric inpatients and substance/addiction diagnoses; Most	https://jyx.jyu.fi/dspace/bitstream/handle/123456789/47211/URN%3aNBN%3afi%3ajyu-201509283272.pdf?sequence=1
Karvonen, 2015	Finland		Master of Music Therapy	Yes	nervosa (N = 1)	Case study with qualitative data	Most frequently studied populations were psychiatric inpatients and substance/addiction diagnoses; Most frequently studied MTI's were lyric	https://jyx.iyu.fi/dspace/bitstream/handle/123456789/47211/URN%3aNBN%3aff%3ajyu-201509283272.pdf?sequence=1
Karvonen, 2015	Finland	Quantitative and qualitative research of	Master of Music Therapy	Yes	nervosa (N = 1)	Case study with qualitative data	Most requently studied populations were psychiatric inpatients and substance/addiction diagnoses; Most frequently studied MTI's were lyric analysis, music listening, and	https://jyx.jyu.fi/dspace/bitstream/handle/123456789/47211/URN%3aNBN%3afi%3ajyu-201509283272.pdf?sequence=1
Karvonen, 2015	Finland	Quantitative and qualitative research of music therapy interventions with adult	Master of Music Therapy	Yes	nervosa (N = 1)		Most frequently studied populations were psychiatric inpatients and substance/addiction diagnoses; Most frequently studied MTI's were lyric analysis, music listening, and songwriting; Moore (2015) noted the	https://jyx.jyu.fl/dspace/bitstream/handle/123456789/47211/URN%3aNBN%3aff%3ajyu-201509283272.pdf7sequence=1
Karvonen, 2015		Quantitative and qualitative research of music therapy interventions with adult mental health populations: A	Master of Music Therapy	Yes		Descriptive analysis of published	Most frequently studied populations were psychiatric inpatients and substance/addiction diagnoses; Most frequently studied MTT's were lyric analysis, music listening, and songwriting; Moore (2015) noted the small percentage of studies that fit the	https://iyx.iyu.fi/dspace/bitstream/handle/123456789/47211/URN%3aN8N%3aff%3ajyu-201509283272.pdf?sequence=1
	Florida State University, Tallahassee,	Quantitative and qualitative research of music therapy interventions with adult mental health populations: A descriptive analysis to guide future			MT & MH/CD studies	Descriptive analysis of published music therapy papers in JMT,	Most frequently studied populations were psychiatric inpatients and substance/addiction diagnoses; Most frequently studied MTT s were lyric analysis, music listening, and songwriting; Moore (2015) noted the small percentage of studies that fit the inclusion criteria, speculating it could be	
Karvonen, 2015 Moore, 2015		Quantitative and qualitative research of music therapy interventions with adult mental health populations: A	Master of Music Therapy Master of Music	Yes		Descriptive analysis of published	Most frequently studied populations were psychiatric inputients and substance/addiction diagnoses: Most frequently studied MTTs were lyric analysis, music listening, and songwriting; Moore (2015) noted the small percentage of studies that fit the inclusion criteria, speculating it could be due to various environmental difficulties	https://iyx.iyu.fi/dspace/bitstream/handle/123456789/47211/URN%3aNBN%3aff%3ajyu-201509283272.pdf?sequence=1 http://diginole.lib.fsu.edu/islandora/object/fsu%3A253120
	Florida State University, Tallahassee, Florida	Quantitative and qualitative research of music therapy interventions with adult mental health populations: A descriptive analysis to guide future research and clinical practice			MT & MH/CD studies (N = 42)	Descriptive analysis of published music therapy papers in JMT, MTP and AIP	Most frequently studied populations were psychiatric inputients and substance/addiction dingnoses; Most frequently studied MTI's were lyric analysis, music listening, and songwriting; Moore (2015) noted the small percentage of studies that fit the inclusion criteria, speculating it could be due to various environmental difficulties psychiatric symptoms; improved	
Moore, 2015	Florida State University, Tallahassee, Florida The University of Western Sydney,	Quantitative and qualitative research of music therapy interventions with adult mental health populations: A descriptive analysis to guide future research and clinical practice Music therapy in the management of	Master of Music	Yes	MT & MH/CD studies (N = 42) Inpatient psychiatric unit	Descriptive analysis of published music therapy papers in JMT, MTP and AIP RCT & Review of clinical case	Nost frequently studied populations were psychiatric inpatients and substance/addiction diagnoses; Most frequently studied MTF s were lyric analysis, music listening, and songwriting; Moore (2015) noted the small percentage of studies that fit the inclusion criteria, speculating it could be due to various environmental difficulties psychiatric symptoms; improved communication and social interaction	http://diginole.lib.fsu.edu/islandora/object/fsu%3A253120
	Florida State University, Tallahassee, Florida	Quantitative and qualitative research of music therapy interventions with adult mental health populations: A descriptive analysis to guide future research and clinical practice			MT & MH/CD studies (N = 42)	Descriptive analysis of published music therapy papers in JMT, MTP and AIP	Most frequently studied populations were psychiatric inputations and substance/addiction diagnoses; Most frequently studied MTI's were lyric analysis, music listening, and songwriting; Moore (2015) noted the small percentage of studies that fit the inclusion criteria, specularing it could be due to various environmental difficulties psychiatric symptoms; improved communication and social interaction skills	
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Moore, 2015	Florida State University, Tallahassee, Florida The University of Western Sydney,	Quantitative and qualitative research of music therapy interventions with adult mental health populations: A descriptive analysis to guide future research and clinical practice Music therapy in the management of acute psychosis	Master of Music	Yes	MT & MH/CD studies (N = 42) Inpatient psychiatric unit	Descriptive analysis of published music therapy papers in JMT, MTP and AIP RCT & Review of clinical case	Most frequently studied populations were psychiatric inputations and substance/addiction diagnoses: Most frequently studied MTT s were lyric analysis, music listening, and songwriting: Moore (2015) noted the small percentage of studies that fit the inclusion criteria, speculating it could be due to various environmental difficulties psychiatric symptoms; improved communication and social interaction skills Decisions music therapy centres make are linked to client diagnosis; Different	http://diginole.lib.fsu.edu/islandora/object/fsu%3A253120
Moore, 2015	Florida State University, Tallahassee, Florida The University of Western Sydney,	Quantitative and qualitative research of music therapy interventions with adult mental health populations: A descriptive analysis to guide future research and clinical practice Music therapy in the management of acute psychosis The practice of music therapy for adults	Master of Music	Yes	MT & MH/CD studies (N = 42) Inpatient psychiatric unit	Descriptive analysis of published music therapy papers in JMT, MTP and AIP RCT & Review of clinical case	Most frequently studied populations were psychiatric inputients and substance/addiction dingnoses; Most frequently studied MTF were lyric analysis, music listening, and songwriting; Moore (2015) noted the small percentage of studies that fit the inclusion criteria, speculating it could be due to various environmental difficulties psychiatric symptoms; improved communication and social interaction skills Decisions music therapy centres make are linked to client diagnosis; Different techniques used for psychotic and non-	http://diginole.lib.fsu.edu/islandora/object/fsu%3A253120
Moore, 2015	Florida State University, Tallahassee, Florida The University of Western Sydney, Sydney, Australia	Quantitative and qualitative research of music therapy interventions with adult mental health populations: A descriptive analysis to guide future research and clinical practice Music therapy in the management of acute psychosis The practice of music therapy for adults with mental health problems: The	Master of Music	Yes	MT & MH/CD studies (N = 42) Inpatient psychiatric unit (N = 60)	Descriptive analysis of published music therapy papers in JMT, MTP and AIP RCT & Review of clinical case notes	Most frequently studied populations were psychiatric inputations and substance/addiction diagnoses: Most frequently studied MTT s were lyric analysis, music listening, and songwriting: Moore (2015) noted the small percentage of studies that fit the inclusion criteria, speculating it could be due to various environmental difficulties psychiatric symptoms; improved communication and social interaction skills Decisions music therapy centres make are linked to client diagnosis; Different techniques used for psychotic and non- psychotic diagnoses; Techniques used	http://diginole.lib.fsu.edu/islandora/object/fsu%3A253120
Moore, 2015 Morgan, 2007	Florida State University, Tallahassee, Florida The University of Western Sydney, Sydney, Australia Aalborg University, Aalborg,	Quantitative and qualitative research of music therapy interventions with adult mental health populations: A descriptive analysis to guide future research and clinical practice Music therapy in the management of acute psychosis The practice of music therapy for adults with mental health problems: The relationship between diagnosis and	Master of Music Doctor of Philosophy	Yes	MT & MH/CD studies (N = 42) Inpatient psychiatric unit (N = 60) Music therapy centres (N	Descriptive analysis of published music therapy papers in JMT, MTP and AIP RCT & Review of clinical case notes Descriptive with qualitative and	Most frequently studied populations were psychiatric inputations and substance/addiction diagnoses; Most frequently studied MTTs were lyric analysis, music listening, and songwriting; Moore (2015) noted the small percentage of studies that fit the inclusion criteria, speculating it could be due to various environmental difficulties psychiatric symptoms; improved communication and social interaction skills Decisions music therapy centres make are linked to client diagnosis; Different techniques used for psychotic and non- psychotic diagnoses; Techniques used were commonly from a psychoanalytical	http://diginole.lib.fsu.edu/islandora/object/fsu%3A253120 http://researchdirect.westernsydney.edu.au/islandora/object/uws%3A2480/
Moore, 2015	Florida State University, Tallahassee, Florida The University of Western Sydney, Sydney, Australia	Quantitative and qualitative research of music therapy interventions with adult mental health populations: A descriptive analysis to guide future research and clinical practice Music therapy in the management of acute psychosis The practice of music therapy for adults with mental health problems: The relationship between diagnosis and clinical method	Master of Music	Yes	MT & MH/CD studies (N = 42) Inpatient psychiatric unit (N = 60)	Descriptive analysis of published music therapy papers in JMT, MTP and AIP RCT & Review of clinical case notes	Most frequently studied populations were psychiatric inputients and substance/addiction dingnoses; Most frequently studied MTI's were lyric analysis, music listening, and songwriting: Moore (2015) noted the small percentage of studies that fit the inclusion criteria, speculating it could be due to various environmental difficulties psychiatric symptoms; improved communication and social interaction skills Decisions music therapy centres make are linked to client diagnosis; Different techniques used for psychotic and non- psychotic diagnoses; Techniques used were commonly from a psychoanalytical approach	http://diginole.lib.fsu.edu/islandora/object/fsu%3A253120
Moore, 2015 Morgan, 2007	Florida State University, Tallahassee, Florida The University of Western Sydney, Sydney, Australia Aalborg University, Aalborg,	Quantitative and qualitative research of music therapy interventions with adult mental health populations: A descriptive analysis to guide future research and clinical practice Music therapy in the management of acute psychosis The practice of music therapy for adults with mental health problems: The relationship between diagnosis and clinical method ethnography of music therapy in a	Master of Music Doctor of Philosophy	Yes	MT & MH/CD studies (N = 42) Inpatient psychiatric unit (N = 60) Music therapy centres $(N = 5)$	Descriptive analysis of published music therapy papers in JMT, MTP and AIP RCT & Review of clinical case notes Descriptive with qualitative and	Most frequently studied populations were psychiatric inputations and substance/addiction diagnoses; Most frequently studied MTI's were lyric analysis, music listening, and songwriting; Moore (2015) noted the small percentage of studies that fit the inclusion criteria, speculating it could be due to various environmental difficulties psychiatric symptoms; improved communication and social interaction skills Decisions music therapy centres make are linked to client diagnosis; Different techniques used for psychotic and non- psychotic diagnoses; Techniques used were commonly from a psychoanalytical approach Presented observations through three	http://diginole.lib.fsu.edu/islandora/object/fsu%3A253120 http://researchdirect.westernsydney.edu.au/islandora/object/uws%3A2480/
Moore, 2015 Morgan, 2007 Odell-Miller, 2007	Florida State University, Tallahassee, Florida The University of Western Sydney, Sydney, Australia Aalborg University, Aalborg, Denmark	Quantitative and qualitative research of music therapy interventions with adult mental health populations: A descriptive analysis to guide future research and clinical practice Music therapy in the management of acute psychosis The practice of music therapy for adults with mental health problems: The relationship between diagnosis and clinical method ethnography of music therapy in a community mental health resource	Master of Music Doctor of Philosophy Dissertation	Yes Yes Yes	MT & MH/CD studies (N = 42) Inpatient psychiatric unit (N = 60) Music therapy centres (N = 5) Community mental health	Descriptive analysis of published music therapy papers in JMT, MTP and AIP RCT & Review of clinical case notes Descriptive with qualitative and quantitative data	Most frequently studied populations were psychiatric inputations and substance/addiction dingnoses; Most frequently studied MTT's were lyric analysis, music listening, and songwriting; Moore (2015) noted the small percentage of studies that fit the inclusion criteria, speculating it could be due to various environmental difficulties psychiatric symptoms; improved communication and social interaction skills Decisions music therapy centres make are linked to client diagnosis; Different techniques used for psychotic and non- psychotic diagnoses; Techniques used were commonly from a psychoanalytical approach Presented observations through three broad themes of self-awareness and	http://diginole.lib.fsu.edu/islandora/object/fsu%3A253120 http://researchdirect.westernsydney.edu.au/islandora/object/uws%3A2480/ http://vbn.aau.dk/ws/files/41635432/odell_miller.pdf
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Moore, 2015 Morgan, 2007 Odell-Miller, 2007	Florida State University, Tallahassee, Florida The University of Western Sydney, Sydney, Australia Aalborg University, Aalborg, Denmark	Quantitative and qualitative research of music therapy interventions with adult mental health populations: A descriptive analysis to guide future research and clinical practice Music therapy in the management of acute psychosis The practice of music therapy for adults with mental health problems: The relationship between diagnosis and clinical method ethnography of music therapy in a community mental health resource	Master of Music Doctor of Philosophy Dissertation	Yes Yes Yes	MT & MH/CD studies (N = 42) Inpatient psychiatric unit (N = 60) Music therapy centres (N = 5) Community mental health	Descriptive analysis of published music therapy papers in JMT, MTP and AIP RCT & Review of clinical case notes Descriptive with qualitative and quantitative data	Most frequently studied populations were psychiatric inputations and substance/addiction diagnoses; Most frequently studied MTT's were lyric analysis, music listening, and songwriting; Moore (2015) noted the small percentage of studies that fit the inclusion criteria, speculating it could be due to various environmental difficulties psychiatric symptoms; improved communication and social interaction skills Decisions music therapy centres make are linked to client diagnosis; Different techniques used for psychotic and non- psychotic diagnoses; Techniques used were commonly from a psychoanalytical approach Presented observations through three broad themes of self-awareness and identity, intimacy and convivality Participants in the 1st study showed greater improvement in depression symptoms, anxiety symptoms.	http://diginole.lib.fsu.edu/islandora/object/fsu%3A253120 http://researchdirect.westernsydney.edu.au/islandora/object/uws%3A2480/ http://vbn.aau.dk/ws/files/41635432/odell_miller.pdf
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Moore, 2015 Morgan, 2007 Odell-Miller, 2007 Proctor, 2013	Florida State University, Tallahassee, Florida The University of Western Sydney, Sydney, Australia Aalborg University, Aalborg, Denmark University of Exeter, Exeter, England University of Jyäskylä, Jyväskylä,	Quantitative and qualitative research of music therapy interventions with adult mental health populations: A descriptive analysis to guide future research and clinical practice Music therapy in the management of acute psychosis The practice of music therapy for adults with mental health problems: The relationship between diagnosis and clinical method ethnography of music therapy in a community mental health resource centre	Master of Music Doctor of Philosophy Dissertation Doctor of Philosophy in Sociology	Yes Yes Yes	MT & MH/CD studies (N = 42) Inpatient psychiatric unit (N = 60) Music therapy centres (N = 5) Community mental health resource centre Adults with and without depression; Ist study (N = 79); 2nd study (N =	Descriptive analysis of published music therapy papers in JMT, MTP and AIP RCT & Review of clinical case notes Descriptive with qualitative and quantitative data Ethnography Combination of three studies; 1st paper = RCT, 2nd & 3rd papers =	Most requently studied populations were psychiatic inputations and substance/addiction diagnoses; Most frequently studied MTT's were lyric analysis, music listening, and songwriting; Moore (2015) noted the small percentage of studies that fit the inclusion criteria, specularing it could be due to various environmental difficulties psychiatric symptoms; improved communication and social interaction skills Decisions music therapy centres make are techniques used for psychotic and non- psychotic diagnoses; Techniques used were commonly from a psychoanalytical approach Presented observations through three broad themes of self-awareness and identity, intimacy and conviviality Participants in the 1st study showed greater improvement in depression symptoms, anxiety symptoms and general functioning when receiving music therapy and standard care versus standard care alone; in the 2nd study, participants displayed moderate but consistent negative self-report biases; No significant differences were found between groups in the 3rd study, however, the experimental group consistently displayed lower ratings of high, energetic music when compared to the control group Outcome of the project was a resource and guide for MT's working with	http://diginole.lib.fsu.edu/islandora/object//su%3A253120 http://researchdirect.westernsydney.edu.au/islandora/object/uws%3A2480/

Young, 2010	The New Zealand School of Music,	educational setting for adolescents with	Master of Music Therapy		adolescents with mental		self-expression, cooperation and risk-	
				1	1	1		
1		therapy programme within an	1		transition school for		emotional management, confidence and	
		Perspectives on developing a music	1		Staff and students at a		helpful with socialization, skill mastery,	
			1				Participants reported music therapy was	
Wong, 2009	Wellington, New Zealand	in group music therapy?	Master of Music Therapy	Yes	inpatient psychiatric unit	Action research	periods of time increased	http://researcharchive.vuw.ac.nz/bitstream/handle/10063/1003/thesis.pdf?sequence=1
	The New Zealand School of Music,	clients who have psychiatric disorders			Adolescents in an acute		to sit comfortably with silence for longer	
		facilitate contributions by adolescent	1				techniques improved; researchers ability	
		How can a music therapy student	1				sessions; verbal and nonverbal facilitating	
			1				anxiety level when leading group	
			1				awareness of her own emotions and	
							Researcher reported an increased	
			1					
Travis, 2003	Florida	treatments	Master of Music	Yes	setting $(N = 12)$	Post treatment only survey	treatments in terms of helpfulness	http://diginole.lib.fsu.edu/islandora/object/fsu%3A176040
	Florida State University, Tallahassee,	evaluation of music therapy and related	1		outpatient psychiatric		music therapy ranked second for	
		Psychiatric inpatient and outpatient	1		Adults in an inpatient or		ranked first in terms of helpfulness;	
			1				with the clients primary therapist was	
			1				enjoyed intervention; Individual therapy	
			1				Music listening was ranked as the most	
			1				increasing relaxation and social skills;	
							Music therapy reported as most helpful in	
			1					
Trahin, 2011	Muncie, Indiana	anxiety and relationships	Master of Science	Unclear	illness	Prospectus	N/A	http://cardinalscholar.bsu.edu/bitstream/handle/123456789/195228/TrahinC_2011-1_BODY.pdf?sequence=1&isAllowed=v
L	Ball State University,	psychiatric patients: Depression,			diagnosed with a mental			
		Effects of group music therapy on	1		center for individuals			
			1		Community outreach			
Solli, 2014	Norway	psychosis experience music therapy	Dissertation	Yes	paper $(N = 1)$	single case study	multiple contexts and settings	http://bora.uib.no/bitstream/handle/1956/8753/dr-thesis-2014-Hans-Petter-Solli.pdf?sequence=1&isAllowed=y
	University of Bergen, Bergen,	study of how people diagnosed with	1		2nd paper ($N = 9$); 3rd	case study design; 3rd paper =	Music therapy supports recovery across	
		The groove of recovery: A qualitative	1			synthesis; 2nd paper = multiple	connected to music therapy specifically;	
					of music therapy in an	paper = qualitative meta-	well-being; 2) Positive experiences	
					Consumers perspectives	Combination of three studies; 1st	were linked to positive mental health and	
			1				Experiences of music and music therapy	
							Three key findings reported: 1)	
Sheehan, 2013	Pennsylvania	study	Therapy - Music Therapy	Yes	setting $(N = 36)$	therapists	relationship and the flexibility	https://idea.library.drexel.edu/islandora/object/idea%3A4157/datastream/OBJ/view_
	Drexel University, Philadelphia,	inpatient psychiatric settings: A survey	Master of Arts in Creative Arts in			Descriptive survey of music	treatment were reported as therapeutic	
		symptoms in adolescents in short-term	1		with adolescents in an		important factors influencing successful	
		Music therapy treatment of depressive	1		Music therapists working		most effective interventions; Most	
							improvisation ranked within the top-three	
							analysis, songwriting & rhythmic	
							developing treatment goals; Lyric	
			1				with other team members when	
							Majority of MT's (77.8%) collaborated	
Salur, 2016	Finland	Turkish university hospital	Master of Music Therapy	Yes	(N = 6)	One group pre-test post-test	regulation	https://jyx.jyu.fi/dspace/bitstream/handle/123456789/51175/URN%3aNBN%3afi%3ajyu-201609043951.pdf?sequence=1
	University of Jyväskylä, Jyväskylä,	diagnosed with schizophrenia in a	1		schizophrenia, outpatient		reducing difficulties in emotional	
		benefits of music therapy on patients			Adults diagnosed with		positive ways of coping with stress,	
		Aiming for change: Exploring the					decreasing depression levels, increasing	
							personal and social performance,	
							Improving general functionality and	